SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Name of Substance - Petroleum Distillate, N.O.S.
of the mixture
Registration number – N/A
Synonyms None
Part Number- N/A
Issue date 15-September-2016
Revision date 24-August-2017
Version number 08

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified Uses- Laboratory test sample
Uses advised against- Other uses are not recommended unless an assessment is completed, prior to commencement of that use, which demonstrates that the use will be controlled.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Clark Laboratories
1801 Route 51 South
Jefferson Hills, PA 15025

1.4 Emergency Telephone #
Chemtrec- 24 hour emergency response: +1 800 424-9300
International Collect- +1 703 741 5970
SDS Assistance Email- sds@clarktesting.com

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC as amended
Classification R10, Xn;R65-48/20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended
H226 - Flammable liquid and
vapour.
Flammable liquids Category 1

Osha Regulatory Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Liquids</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity</td>
<td>Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive Toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 1, Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute aquatic toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic aquatic toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated Category 1 exposure

**Health hazards**
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aspiration hazard Category 1

**Hazard summary**
**Physical hazards** Flammable.
**Health hazards** Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse health effects.

**Environmental hazards** Not classified for hazards to the environment.

**Specific hazards** Flammable. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure.

**Main symptoms** Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**2.2. Label elements**
**Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended**
Contains: 1-butoxy-2-propanol, Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Heavy, Distillates Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light, Light Mineral Spirits

**Hazard pictograms**

**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statements**
- Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
- May accumulate electrostatic charge and ignite or explode
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause respiratory irritation
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- May cause genetic defects
- May cause cancer
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- Causes damage to the organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Do not breathe mist/vapors/ spray
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area
Wash hands and any possibly exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Avoid release to the environment.

Response
If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention
If on skin or hair: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
If swallowed: immediately call a poison center or doctor
Do NOT induce vomiting
In case of fire: Use water spray, fog or regular foam for extinction
Collect spillage

Storage
Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

EYES
Moderate irritant. Contact with liquid or vapor may cause irritation.

SKIN
 Practically non-toxic if absorbed following acute (single) exposure. May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are exposed repeatedly.

INGESTION
The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest, and death may occur.

INHALATION
Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

CHRONIC EFFECTS and CARCINOGENICITY
Contains benzene, a regulated human carcinogen. Benzene has the potential to cause anemia and other blood diseases, including leukemia, after repeated and prolonged exposure. Exposure to light hydrocarbons in the same boiling range as this product has been associated in animal studies with systemic toxicity. See also Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE
Irritation from skin exposure may aggravate existing open wounds, skin disorders, and dermatitis (rash). Chronic respiratory disease, liver or kidney dysfunction, or pre-existing central nervous system disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Cas Number</th>
<th>Ec Number</th>
<th>Amount (Wt %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Light Aliphatic Naptha</td>
<td>64741-66-9</td>
<td>265-068-8</td>
<td>95-100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The specific chemical component identities and/or the exact component percentages of this material may be withheld as trade secrets. This information is made available to health professionals, employees and designated representatives in accordance with the applicable provisions of 29 CFR 1910.1200 (I) (1).

Trace Components: Trace ingredients (if any) are present in < 1% concentration, (<0.1% for potential carcinogens, reproductive toxins, respiratory tract mutagens, and sensitizers). None of the trace ingredients contribute significant additional hazards at the concentration that may be present in this product. All pertinent hazard information has been provided in this document, per the requirements of the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalents, and Canadian Hazardous Materials Identification System Standard (CPR 4).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn’t get into the lungs.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media


Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Hazardous combustion products

Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion.

Special fire fighting procedures

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

For emergency responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

6.2. Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

7.3. Specific end use(s) Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>PSHA PELS</th>
<th>OSHA-Vacated PELS</th>
<th>NIOSH IDLH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naptha (Petroleum), Light straight-run 64741-46-4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Xylene (mixed isomers 1330-20-7</td>
<td>100 ppm TWA</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm TWA 900 ppm</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150 ppm STEL</td>
<td>TWA: 435 mg/m3</td>
<td>435 MG/M3 TWA</td>
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<td>Substance</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
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<td>655 mg/m3 STEL</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>Ceiling: 300 ppm</td>
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<td>25 ppm Ceiling</td>
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<td>2.5 STEL</td>
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<td>5 ppm STEL</td>
<td>5 ppm STEL</td>
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<td>TWA: 100 ppm</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 435 mg/m3</td>
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<td>800 ppm</td>
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<tr>
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<td>435 mg/m3 TWA</td>
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<td>125 ppm STEL</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>545 mg/m3 STEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls
Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection
- Hand protection For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.
- Other Avoid contact with the skin. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing
after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure
c
Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties
Appearance
Physical state- Liquid
Color no color
Odor Hydrocarbon
Odor threshold Not established
PH 6-8
Melting point/freezing point Not established
Initial boiling point and boiling range
26-149 C / 79-300 F
Flash point < 21 C / <70 F
Evaporation rate N/A
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower
1.1%
Flammability limit - upper
1.1%
Vapor pressure N/A
Vapor density N/A
Relative density 0.62-0.72
Solubility(ies) slight
Solubility (water) Not available.
Partition coefficient
(n-octanol/water) Not established
Auto-ignition temperature Highly variable N/A
Decomposition temperature Not established
Viscosity N/A
Explosive properties Not available.
Oxidizing properties Not available.

9.2. Not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability The material is stable at 70 F, 760 mmHg pressure
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit > 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) > 5 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation : Mild irritant of skin with dryness, redness and cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation: Mild irritant of eyes with redness, pain and tearing.
Respiratory irritation: Causes respiratory irritation in cases of inhalation of vapours, with cough and shortness of breath. Exposures to high concentrations of vapours cause narcotic effects with headache, nausea, dizziness and mental disorder.
Germ cell mutagenicity: May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard: Aspiration of product can cause chemical pneumonitis.
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms:
- Aspiration of this material may cause chemical pneumonitis. Prolonged/repetitive skin contact may cause skin defattening or dermatitis. Inhalation may affect the nervous system causing headache, possibly dizziness, nausea, weakness, loss of coordination and unconsciousness.

11.2 Information on Toxicological Effects

SECTION 12: Ecological information
12.1. Toxicity N/A
Components Species Test results
N/A
12.2. Persistence and degradability
Not inherently biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential No data available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil and vPvB assessment
Not available.
12.6. Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
13.1. Waste treatment methods
Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information
Shipping as a limited quantity

ADR
14.1. UN number UN1268
14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
14.6. Special precautions
RID
14.1. UN number UN1268
14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class 3
14.4. Packing group I
14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
14.6. Special precautions

DOT
14.1. UN number UN1268
14.2. UN proper shipping name Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
14.6. Special precautions

IATA
14.1. UN number UN1268
14.2. UN proper shipping name Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
14.6. Special precautions

IMDG
14.1. UN number UN1268
14.2. UN proper shipping name Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class 3
14.4. Packing group III
Marine pollutant N/A
14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

U.S. FEDERAL, STATE and LOCAL REGULATORY INFORMATION
This product and its constituents listed herein are on the EPA TSCA Inventory. Any spill or uncontrolled release of this product, including any substantial threat of release, may be subject to federal, state and/or local reporting requirements. This product and/or its constituents may also be subject to other regulations at the state and/or local level. Consult those regulations applicable to your facility/operation.

CLEAN WATER ACT (OIL SPILLS)
Any spill or release of this product to "navigable waters" (essentially any surface water, including certain wetlands) or adjoining shorelines sufficient to cause a visible sheen or deposit of a sludge or emulsion must be reported immediately to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) or, if not practical, the U.S. Coast Guard with follow-up to the National Response Center, as required by U.S. Federal Law. Also contact appropriate state and local regulatory agencies as required.

CERCLA SECTION 103 and SARA SECTION 304 (RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT)
The CERCLA definition of hazardous substances contains a "petroleum exclusion" clause which exempts crude oil, refined, and unrefined petroleum products and any indigenous components of such. However, other federal reporting requirements (e.g., SARA Section 304 as well as the Clean Water Act if the spill occurs on navigable waters) may still apply.

SARA SECTION 311/312 - HAZARD CLASSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACUTE HEALTH</th>
<th>CHRONIC HEALTH</th>
<th>FIRE</th>
<th>SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REACTIVE</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA SECTION 313 - SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION
This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372:
**INGREDIENT NAME** (CAS NUMBER) | **CONCENTRATION** | **WT. PERCENT** | **EXPOSURE LIMITS**
--- | --- | --- | ---
Benzene (71-43-2) | 0.1 to 1.3 | See Sect. 8 | See Sect. 8
Toluene (108-88-3) | 1 to 15 | See Sect. 8 | See Sect. 8
Xylene, mixed isomers (1330-20-7) | 1 to 15 | See Sect. 8 | See Sect. 8

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation 1907/2006

**SECTION 16: Other information**
16.1 Indication of Changes Not available.
16.2 Relevant R-Phrases

**NFPA® HAZARD RATING**
- HEALTH: 1
- FLAMMABILITY: 3
- INSTABILITY: 0

(0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *-Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

**ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:**
- TLV - Threshold Limit Value
- TWA - Time Weighted Average
- STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit
- PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
- CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
- NDA - No Data Available
- NA - Not Applicable
- <= - Less Than or Equal To
- >= - Greater Than or Equal To
- DOT - Department of Transportation
- EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
- IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)
- NFPA - National Fire Protection Association
- Osha - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

**Disclaimer**

NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. Adequate training and instruction should be given by you to your employees and affected personnel. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided by you to handlers and users. Additionally, the user should review this information, satisfy itself as to its suitability and completeness, and pass on the information to its employees or customers in accordance with the applicable federal, state, provincial or local hazard communication requirements. This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the fitness for use of the material, or the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, vendor neither assumes nor retains any responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to appropriate practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Moreover, unless an employee or a customer accesses or receives a SDS directly from the company, there is no assurance that a document obtained from alternate sources is the most currently available SDS. The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.
Completed by Clark PTP Staff

No Annex